Plagiarism

Plagiarism is

- presenting others' ideas and images as your own without providing sufficient
 referencing, including
 - o failure to appropriately cite and reference the originator of the material
 - o failure to use quotation marks when using others' words
- inadquate paraphrasing
- presenting as original your own work from a previously assessed assignment
 without first getting permission from your tutor
- a form of academic misconduct

What Constitutes Others' Work or Ideas?

- published text, audio-visual material, or images
- private communications such as letters,
 emails, and conversations
- content generated by AI tools



How to Avoid Plagiarism

- Learn to paraphrase well
- Use quotation marks when using others' words
- Correctly cite and reference all sources using APA 7th edition referencing style:
 - o Use the EIT APA Web tool



- Use the <u>EIT APA Guides</u>
- Use the APA Style website
- Record the reference information at the time you collect your sources.
- Include a reference list in APA 7th format.
- When including images to adorn a PowerPoint presentation, it is preferable to use
 the stock images available within the presentation software. These are attribution
 free and covered by the software licence, therefore referencing these images is not
 required. However, images sourced elsewhere should be referenced.
- Correctly cite and reference figures and tables.

Relevant Study Guides

Familiarise yourself with the following study guides.



APA Web tool In-text Citations

APA Referencing <u>Incorporating Citations</u>

EIT's APA referencing guide Quoting

He Aratohu Tohutoronga APA Paraphrasing

Figures and tables referencing guide Summarising

Academic integrity APA style website

Breaches of Academic Integrity PowerPoint presentations

Using GenAl tools

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